READ THIS MANUAL CAREFULLY BEFORE INSTALLING, OPERATING OR SERVICING THIS EQUIPMENT.

It is the responsibility of the employer to place this information in the hands of the operator. Keep for future reference.

SERVICE KITS

Refer to Model Description Chart to match the pump material options.
637427-TT for fluid section repair (see page 4).
637428 for air section repair (see page 6).

PUMP DATA

Models .......... see Model Description Chart for “-XXX”.
Pump Type ...... Non-Metallic Air Operated Double Diaphragm
Material ...... see Model Description Chart
Weight......................... 5.21 lbs (2.36 kgs)
Maximum Air Inlet Pressure ........ 100 p.s.i.g. (6.9 bar)
Maximum Material Inlet Pressure ... 10 p.s.i.g. (0.69 bar)
Maximum Outlet Pressure ........ 100 p.s.i.g. (6.9 bar)
Air Consumption@ 40 p.s.i.g. ........ 1 c.f.m /gallon (approx.)
Maximum Flow Rate (flooded inlet) . 14.4 g.p.m. (54.5 l.p.m.)
Displacement / Cycle @ 100 p.s.i.g... 0.039 gallon (0.15 lit.)
Maximum Particle Size .............. 3/32” dia. (2.4 mm)
Maximum Temperature Limits (diaphragm / ball / seal material)
Polypropylene ............... 35°C to 175°C (95°F to 327°F)
Santropene® ............... -40°C to 225°C (4°F to 437°F)
PTFE ......................... 40°C to 225°C (4°F to 437°F)
Dimensional Data .......... see page 8
Noise Level @ 70 p.s.i., 60 c.p.m .......... 75.0 db(A) φ

φ The pump sound pressure levels published here have been updated to an Equivalent Continuous Sound Level L(Aeq) to meet the intent of ANSI S1.13-1971, CAGI-PNEUROP 55.1 using four microphone locations.

NOTICE: All possible options are shown in the chart, however, certain combinations may not be recommended, consult a representative or the factory if you have questions concerning availability.

MODEL DESCRIPTION CHART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Center Section Material</th>
<th>Fluid Connection</th>
<th>Fluid Cap &amp; Manifold Material</th>
<th>Hardware Material</th>
<th>Seat Material</th>
<th>Ball Material</th>
<th>Diaphragm Material</th>
<th>Fluid Section Service Kit Selection</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P - Polypropylene</td>
<td>1/2 - 14 N.P.T.F.</td>
<td>D - Polypropylene (single port)</td>
<td>Stainless steel</td>
<td>Polypropylene</td>
<td>PTFE</td>
<td>PTFE / Santropene</td>
<td>Fluid Section Service Kit # 637427-TT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

INGERSOLL RAND COMPANY LTD
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OPERATING AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

READ, UNDERSTAND, AND FOLLOW THIS INFORMATION TO AVOID INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ EXCESSIVE AIR PRESSURE. Can cause personal injury, pump damage or property damage.
- Do not exceed the maximum inlet air pressure as stated on the pump model plate.
- Be sure material hoses and other components are able to withstand fluid pressures developed by this pump. Check all hoses for damage or wear. Be certain dispensing device is clean and in proper working condition.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ STATIC SPARK. Can cause explosion resulting in severe injury or death. Ground pump and pumping system.
- Sparks can ignite flammable material and vapors.
- The pumping system and object being sprayed must be grounded when it is pumping, flushing, recirculating or spraying flammable materials such as paints, solvents, lacquers, etc. or used in a location where surrounding atmosphere is conducive to spontaneous combustion. Ground the dispensing valve or device, containers, hoses and any object to which material is being pumped.
- Secure pump, connections and all contact points to avoid vibration and generation of contact or static spark.
- Consult local building codes and electrical codes for specific grounding requirements.
- After grounding, periodically verify continuity of electrical path to ground. Test with an ohmmeter from each component (e.g., hoses, pump, clamps, container, spray gun, etc.) to ground to insure continuity. Ohmmeter should show 0.1 ohms or less.
- Submerge the outlet hose end, dispensing valve or device in the material being dispensed if possible. (Avoid free streaming of material being dispensed.)
- Use hoses incorporating a static wire.
- Use proper ventilation.
- Keep inflammables away from heat, open flames and sparks.
- Keep containers closed when not in use.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ Pump exhaust may contain contaminants. Can cause severe injury. Pipe exhaust away from work area and personnel.
- In the event of a diaphragm rupture, material can be forced out of the air exhaust muffler.
- Pipe the exhaust to a safe remote location when pumping hazardous or inflammable materials.
- Use a grounded 3/8” minimum i.d. hose between the pump and the muffler.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ HAZARDOUS PRESSURE. Can result in serious injury or property damage. Do not service or clean pump, hoses or dispensing valve while the system is pressurized.
- Disconnect air supply line and relieve pressure from the system by opening dispensing valve or device and / or carefully and slowly loosening and removing outlet hose or piping from pump.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. Can cause serious injury or property damage. Do not attempt to return a pump to the factory or service center that contains hazardous material. Safe handling practices must comply with local and national laws and safety code requirements.
- Obtain Material Safety Data Sheets on all materials from the supplier for proper handling instructions.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ EXPLOSION HAZARD. Models containing aluminum wetted parts cannot be used with 1,1,1-trichloroethane, methylene chloride or other halogenated hydrocarbon solvents which may react and explode.
- Check pump motor section, fluid caps, manifolds and all wetted parts to assure compatibility before using with solvents of this type.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ MISAPPLICATION HAZARD. Do not use models containing aluminum wetted parts with food products for human consumption. Plated parts can contain trace amounts of lead.
- Verify the chemical compatibility of the pump wetted parts and the substance being pumped, flushed or recirculated. Chemical compatibility may change with temperature and concentration of the chemical(s) within the substances being pumped, flushed or circulated. For specific fluid compatibility, consult the chemical manufacturer.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️ Maximum temperatures are based on mechanical stress only. Certain chemicals will significantly reduce maximum safe operating temperature. Consult the chemical manufacturer for chemical compatibility and temperature limits. Refer to PUMP DATA on page 1 of this manual.
- Be certain all operators of this equipment have been trained for safe working practices, understand it's limitations, and wear safety goggles / equipment when required.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️ Do not use the pump for the structural support of the piping system. Be certain the system components are properly supported to prevent stress on the pump parts.
- Suction and discharge connections should be flexible connections (such as hose), not rigid piped, and should be compatible with the substance being pumped.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️ Prevent unnecessary damage to the pump. Do not allow pump to operate when out of material for long periods of time.
- Disconnect air line from pump when system sits idle for long periods of time.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️ Use only genuine ARO replacement parts to assure compatible pressure rating and longest service life.

⚠️ NOTICE ⚠️ Install the pump in the vertical position. The pump may not prime properly if the balls do not check by gravity upon start-up.

⚠️ NOTICE ⚠️ RE-TORQUE ALL FASTENERS BEFORE OPERATION. Creep of housing and gasket materials may cause fasteners to loosen. Re-torque all fasteners to insure against fluid or air leakage.

⚠️ NOTICE ⚠️ Replacement warning labels are available upon request: “Static Spark” pn 93616-1, Diaphragm Rupture” pn 93122.

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️ = Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

⚠️ CAUTION ⚠️ = Hazards or unsafe practices which could result in minor personal injury, product or property damage.

⚠️ NOTICE ⚠️ = Important installation, operation or maintenance information.
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

ARO Solenoid actuated diaphragm pump kits allow the cycle rate of the pump to be controlled electronically. When the solenoid is energized, the pump strokes and dispenses the fluid in one chamber. When the solenoid is de-energized, the pump strokes in the opposite direction, dispensing the fluids in the other chamber.

By providing continuous ON-OFF signals to the solenoid, the fluid transfer rate may be increased or decreased remotely. Some parts of the pump must be replaced with those included in these kits to enable solenoid actuation.

The ARO diaphragm pump offers high volume delivery even at low air pressure and a broad range of material compatibility options available. Refer to the model and option chart. ARO pumps feature stall resistant design, modular air motor/fluid sections.

Air-operated double diaphragm pumps utilize a pressure differential in the air chambers to alternately create suction and positive fluid pressure in the fluid chambers, ball checks insure a positive flow of fluid.

Pump cycling will begin as air pressure is applied and it will continue to pump and keep up with the demand. It will build and maintain line pressure and will stop cycling once maximum line pressure is reached (dispensing device closed) and will resume pumping as needed.

AIR AND LUBE REQUIREMENTS

**WARNING** EXCESSIVE AIR PRESSURE. Can cause pump damage, personal injury or property damage.

- A filter capable of filtering out particles larger than 50 microns should be used on the air supply. There is no lubrication required other than the "O" ring lubricant which is applied during assembly or repair.

- If lubricated air is present, make sure that it is compatible with the "O" rings and seals in the air motor section of the pump.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- Always flush the pump with a solvent compatible with the material being pumped if the material being pumped is subject to setting up when not in use for a period of time.
- Disconnect the air supply from the pump if it is to be inactive for a few hours.
- The outlet material volume is governed not only by the air supply, but also by the material supply available at the inlet. The material supply tubing should not be too small or restrictive. Be sure not to use hose which might collapse.
- When the diaphragm pump is used in a forced-feed (flooding inlet) situation, it is recommended that a "check valve" be installed at the air inlet.
- Secure the diaphragm pump legs to a suitable surface to insure against damage by vibration.

MAINTENANCE

- Certain ARO "Smart Parts" are indicated which should be available for fast repair and reduction of down time.
- Provide a clean work surface to protect sensitive internal moving parts from contamination from dirt and foreign matter during service disassembly and reassembly.
- Keep good records of service activity and include the pump in preventive maintenance program.
- Service kits are available to service two separate diaphragm pump functions: 1. AIR SECTION, 2. FLUID SECTION. The Fluid Section is divided further to match typical part Material Options.
- Before disassembling, empty captured material in the outlet manifold by turning the pump upside down to drain material from the pump.

TYPICAL CROSS SECTION

Figure 2
637427-TT Fluid section service kit includes: Balls, Diaphragms plus items 144, 174 and 94276 Lubriplate® FML-2 grease (pages 6).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description (size)</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>Mtl</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ø 1</td>
<td>Connecting Rod</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>96379</td>
<td>[SS]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Diaphragm Washer</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>94645</td>
<td>[GFN]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ø 6</td>
<td>Diaphragm Nut (5/16&quot; - 18)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>93103-7</td>
<td>[P]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Diaphragm</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>93111</td>
<td>[T]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Diaphragm</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>93465</td>
<td>[Sp]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Fluid Cap</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>95732-1</td>
<td>[P]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>&quot;O&quot; Ring (3/32&quot; x 1-5/16&quot; o.d.)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>93265</td>
<td>[T]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ø 21</td>
<td>Seat</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>96572-1</td>
<td>[P]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Ball (3/4&quot; diameter)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>93100-4</td>
<td>[T]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Flange Bolt (5/16&quot; - 18 x 7/8&quot;)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>96176</td>
<td>[SS]</td>
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<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Bolt (5/16&quot; - 18 x 1-1/4&quot;)</td>
<td>(20)</td>
<td>93095</td>
<td>[SS]</td>
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<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Hex Flange Nut (5/16&quot; - 18)</td>
<td>(20)</td>
<td>93886</td>
<td>[SS]</td>
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<tr>
<td>60</td>
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<td>95734-7</td>
<td>[P]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>Outlet Manifold (N.P.T.F.)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>95733-7</td>
<td>[P]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>Logo Plate</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>93264</td>
<td>[A]</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

"Smart Parts", keep these items on hand in addition to the service kits for fast repair and reduction of down time.
FOR THE AIR MOTOR SECTION
SEE PAGES 6 AND 7.

ASSEMBLY TORQUE REQUIREMENTS
NOTE: DO NOT OVERTIGHTEN FASTENERS.
(6) diaphragm nut, 95 - 105 in. lbs (10.7 - 11.9 Nm).
(26) bolt and (29) nut, 50 - 60 in. lbs (5.6 - 6.8 Nm), alternately and evenly, then re-torque after initial run-in.

LUBRICATION / SEALANTS
1. Apply Lubriplate FML-2 grease to all “O” rings, “U” cups and mating parts.
2. Apply pipe sealant to threads.
3. Apply anti-seize compound to threads and bolt and nut flange heads which contact pump case when using stainless steel fasteners.
4. Apply Loctite® 242® to threads.
Note: Lubriplate FML-2 is a white food grade petroleum grease.

COLOR CODE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Diaphragm Color</th>
<th>Ball Color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hytrel</td>
<td>Cream</td>
<td>Black (+)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrile</td>
<td>Black</td>
<td>Red (-)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyurethane</td>
<td>Clear</td>
<td>Red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Santoprene</td>
<td>Tan</td>
<td>Tan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTFE</td>
<td>White</td>
<td>White</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viton</td>
<td>Yellow (+)</td>
<td>Yellow (-)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 3

Fluid side, PTFE (white) - 7

- Air side, Santoprene (tan) - 8
## GENERAL SERVICE NOTES

1. Inspect and replace old parts with new parts as necessary. Look for deep scratches on metallic surfaces, and nicks or cuts in "O" rings.
2. Tools needed to complete disassembly and repair:
   - 7/8" socket or wrench, 1/2" socket or wrench, 3/8" socket or wrench, 1/2" Allen wrench, T-10 Torx screwdriver, 3/8" torque wrench (measuring inch pounds), "O" ring pick.

### DIAPHRAGM PUMP SERVICE

#### MATERIAL CODE

- [B] = Nitrile
- [PPG] = Glass filled Polypropylene
- [C] = Carbon Steel
- [SS] = Stainless Steel
- [Ca] = Ceramic
- [Sy] = Syn-Seal
- [D] = Acetal
- [U] = Polyurethane

#### GENERAL SERVICE NOTES:

- Inspect and replace old parts with new parts as necessary. Look for deep scratches on metallic surfaces, and nicks or cuts in "O" rings.
- Tools needed to complete disassembly and repair:
  - 7/8" socket or wrench, 1/2" socket or wrench, 3/8" socket or wrench, 3/8" Allen wrench, T-10 Torx screwdriver, torque wrench (measuring inch pounds), "O" ring pick.

### FLUID SECTION DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove (61) top manifold.
2. Remove (19) "O" rings, (21) seats and (22) balls.
3. Remove (60) bottom manifold.
4. Remove (19) "O" rings, (21) seats and (22) balls.
5. Remove (15) fluid caps.
6. Remove (6) diaphragm nut, (7) or (7 / 8) diaphragms and (5) washer.
7. Remove (1) connecting rod from air motor.
8. Carefully remove remaining (6) diaphragm nut, (7) or (7 / 8) diaphragms and (5) washer from (1) connecting rod. Do not mar surface of connecting rod.

### FLUID SECTION REASSEMBLY

- Reassemble in reverse order.
- Lubricate (1) connecting rod with Lubriplate or equivalent "O" ring lubricant.
- Connecting rod (1) should be installed using 96571 bullet, included in service kit.
- Install (5) washers with i.d. chamfer toward diaphragm.
- When replacing PTFE diaphragms, install the 93465 Santoprene diaphragm behind the PTFE diaphragm.

### AIR MOTOR SECTION SERVICE

Service is divided into two parts - 1. Pilot Valve, 2. Major Valve.
- Air Motor Section service is continued from Fluid Section repair.

#### PILOT VALVE DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove (123) screws, releasing (103) covers, (121) washers, (118) actuator pins and (167) pilot piston.
2. Remove (170) spool bushing and inspect inner bore of bushing for damage.

#### PILOT VALVE REASSEMBLY

1. Clean and lubricate parts not being replaced from service kit.
2. Assemble (171) "O" rings to (170) bushing and assemble bushing into (101) center body.
3. Lubricate and assemble (167) pilot piston assembly into (170) bushing.
4. Assemble (173 and 174) "O" rings and (121) washers to (103) covers, then insert (118) actuator pins through assembly.
5. Assemble (144) "U" cups (note the lip direction) and (103) covers to (101) center body, securing with (123) screws. NOTE: tighten (123) screws to 4 - 6 in. lbs (0.45 - 0.68 Nm).

#### MAJOR VALVE DISASSEMBLY

1. Unthread (134) bolts, releasing (129) muffler assembly.
2. Pull (135) valve block and components from (101) center body.
3. Remove (132) gasket, (141) valve plate and (140) valve insert from (135) valve block.
4. Remove (134) bolts, releasing (107 and 136) plugs and (111) spool.

## PARTS LIST / 670091 AIR MOTOR SECTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description (size)</th>
<th>Qty</th>
<th>Part No.</th>
<th>[Mtl]</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>Center Body</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>96315</td>
<td>[PPG]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103R</td>
<td>Cover (right side)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>96091</td>
<td>[D]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103L</td>
<td>Cover (left side)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>96351</td>
<td>[D]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107</td>
<td>Plug, Small</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>96353</td>
<td>[D]</td>
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<tr>
<td>111</td>
<td>Major Valve Spool</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>95919</td>
<td>[D]</td>
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<tr>
<td>118</td>
<td>Actuator Pin</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>97111</td>
<td>[SS]</td>
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<tr>
<td>121</td>
<td>Washer</td>
<td>(2)</td>
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<td>[D]</td>
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<tr>
<td>123</td>
<td>Screw (8/4 - 20 x 1/2&quot;)</td>
<td>(8)</td>
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<td>[SS]</td>
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<td>129</td>
<td>Muffler Assembly</td>
<td>(1)</td>
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<td>129</td>
<td>Exhaust Cover (optional)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>67366</td>
<td>[PPG]</td>
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<tr>
<td>130</td>
<td>Gasket (optional)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>93107</td>
<td>[Sy]</td>
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<tr>
<td>132</td>
<td>Air Manifold Gasket</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>96214-2</td>
<td>[B]</td>
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<td>134</td>
<td>Flange Bolt (1/4&quot; - 20 x 5-3/4&quot;)</td>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>94871</td>
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<tr>
<td>135</td>
<td>Valve Block</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>96204</td>
<td>[PPG]</td>
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<td>136</td>
<td>Plug, Large</td>
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<td>96462</td>
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<td>137</td>
<td>&quot;O&quot; Ring (1/16&quot; x 1-5/8&quot; o.d.)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
<td>9325-29</td>
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<td>138</td>
<td>&quot;U&quot; Cup Packing (1/8&quot; x 1&quot; o.d.)</td>
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<td>&quot;U&quot; Cup Packing (3/16&quot; x 1&quot; o.d.)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Y187-48</td>
<td>[B]</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Items included in Fluid Section Service Kit, see page 4.**

---

**MAJOR VALVE DISASSEMBLY**

1. Unthread (134) bolts, releasing (129) muffler assembly.
2. Pull (135) valve block and components from (101) center body.
3. Remove (132) gasket, (141) valve plate and (140) valve insert from (135) valve block.
4. Remove (134) bolts, releasing (107 and 136) plugs and (111) spool.
PILOT VALVE PARTS

1. Assemble new (139 and 138) "U" cups on (111) spool - LIPS MUST FACE EACH OTHER.
2. Assemble (137) "O" rings to (136) large plug.
3. Assemble (137 and 166) "O" rings to (107) small plug.
4. Insert (111) spool into (136) large plug, then insert (136) large plug into (135) valve block, being sure the (111) spool is rotated to accept (140) valve insert.
5. Assemble (107) small plug into (135) valve block.
6. Assemble (140) valve insert and (141) valve plate to (135) valve block. NOTE: Assemble (140) valve insert with "dished" side toward (141) valve plate. Assemble (141) valve plate with identification dot toward (132) gasket.
7. Assemble (132 and 200) gaskets, (135) valve block and (129) muffler assembly to (101) center body, securing with (134) bolts. NOTE: Tighten (134) bolts to 15 - 20 in. lbs (1.7 - 2.3 Nm).
TROUBLE SHOOTING

Product discharged from exhaust outlet.
- Check for diaphragm rupture.
- Check tightness of (6) diaphragm nut.

Air bubbles in product discharge.
- Check connections of suction plumbing.
- Check "O" rings between intake manifold and fluid caps.
- Check tightness of (6) diaphragm nut.

Motor blows air out main exhaust when stalled on either stroke.
- Check "U" cups on (111) spool in major valve.
- Check (141) valve plate and (140) insert for wear.
- Check (169) "U" cup on (167) pilot piston.

Low output volume.
- Check air supply.
- Check for plugged outlet hose.
- For the pump to prime itself, it must be mounted in the vertical position so that the balls will check by gravity.
- Check for pump cavitation - suction pipe should be sized at least as large as the inlet thread diameter of the pump for proper flow if high viscosity fluids are being pumped. Suction hose must be a non-collapsing type, capable of pulling a high volume.
- Check all joints on the inlet manifolds and suction connections. These must be air tight.
- Inspect the pump for solid objects lodged in the diaphragm.

DIMENSIONAL DATA

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Model</th>
<th>&quot;U&quot; Material Inlet / Outlet</th>
<th>T- Material Inlet</th>
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<tr>
<td>670091</td>
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Figure 6